



## **Gas Burner Safety Control**

## For 2-stage forced draught and combi oil/gas burners

## Possible flame detectors:

- Ionisation probe
- Infrared flicker detector 1020
- **UV flame sensor UVD 971**

## INTRODUCTION

The burner control box DMG 970 controls and supervises power burner for gas and dual fuel. The control box is approved and certified according the relevant European standards. The use on direct air heaters according DIN 4794 is also possible.

The microprocessor- based programming sequence ensures extremely stable timings independent of voltage variations, ambient temperature and/or switch-on cycles. The built-in information system not only provides a continuous monitoring of the actual state of the box (very helpful especially for monitoring the start-up phase) but also informs about the cause of a possible lock out. The lock out cause is stored in such a way that it can be retrieved even after a power failure.

The control box is designed for maximum safety in case of fluctuations in the voltage supply. If the mains voltage drops below the permitted level, operation is interrupted and the control box automatically prevents the start sequence from being repeated. In this way, the safety of the system is not put at risk by a drop in the mains voltage. This low-voltage protection works not only during start-up but also permanently during operation.

## **CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES**

Microprocessor, electronic components, output relais and flame amplifier are placed on two printed circuit boards. These plus the lockout- and reset circuit are well protected inside a flame resistant, plug-in type plastic housing.

The reset switch for reset / remote lockout with its built-in LED for displaying the information system plus the central fixing screw are placed on top of the housing.

The wiring base S98 is equipped with spare- and extraterminals and allows together with a variety of cable entry points utmost flexibility of electrical wiring.

The DMG 970 is funstionally compatible to MMI 810 and MMI 810.1



Please note: Is the DMG 970 to be used to replace the MMI 810 or 810.1, care has to be taken to make sure the air proving switch (LW) is wired between terminals 4 and 7 and not like on the MMI between 5 and 7.



## **TECHNICAL DATA**

Max. load per output

220 / 240 V (-15... +10%) Operating voltage 50 Hz (±5%) Fuse rating 10 A fast, 6 A slow Power consumption ca. 15 VA

1.5 A,  $\cos \phi$  0.2

 $2.0 \text{ A}, \cos \phi 0.4$ 

1.0 A, cos φ 0.4

1.0 A, cos φ 0.4

5.0 A, cos φ 0.4

5 sec

1 μΑ

1.5 μΑ

0.4μΑ

< 3 m

190 g

anv

IP 40

Probe - earth greater than 50 M $\Omega$ 

Probe - earth

less than 1000 pF

end-on viewing

max. 95% at 30° C -20° C... +60° C

side-on or end-on viewing

max. 10 A during 0.5 sec

1 working contact 4 A, 230V

 term. 3 ignition trafo - term. 4 motor - term. 5 + 6 solenoid valves - term. B alarm indicator total load

Air proving switch Stray light monitoring Sensitivity (operation) Min. required ion. current Sensitivity for stray light Ionisation probe insulation

stray capacity

cable lenght Flame detectors IRD 1020 UVD 971

Weight incl. Wiring base Mounting position Protection class

Approved ambient parameter

for control and flame detector for operation - for storage

-20° C... +80° C Build-up of ice, penetration of water and condensing

water are inadmissible Approvals according

to European standards

EN 298 and EN 230, as well as all other relevant Directives and standards

Classified acc. to EN 298

**FTLLXN** 

## Timings (sec.)

	Model	waiting time	max. reaction time for	supervised	pre-ignition	ignition time	Stray light	safety time	delay
		start	air proving switch	pre-purge time	time	total	monitoring		2nd-stage
			tlw	tv1	tvz	tz	tf	ts	tv2
	01	0	60	24	3	5.5	5	3	12.5
Ī	02	0	60	24	3	7.5	5	5	14.5
	03	0	60	40	3	5.5	5	3	12.5

#### **APPLICATION FEATURES**

## 1. Information system

The information system is microprocessor based and reports on all aspects of burner control box operation and flame supervision. It informs continuously about the actual programming sequence the unit is just performing. Besides monitoring of the programming sequence it also allows to identify errors during start-up of operation without any additional testing devices. The automatically performed diagnosis is a valuable tool which facilitates service/maintenance work and therefore saves costs. The analyses of the error cause can be done directly on stage or if not possible afterwards as the lock out reason is stored in a non-volatile lock out mode memory.

The information system communicates with the outside world using a LED (the used Flash-Code is similar to the Morse-Code). The messages are optically transmitted by a appropriately flashing LED. Using an additional terminal (optional), the messages can be recorded and displayed in easy readable form.

## 1.1 Programming sequence display

The built-in microprocessor controls not only the programming sequence but the information system too. The individual phases of the programming sequence are displayed as Flash-Code.

The following messages can be distinguished:

Flash-Code
11.
111.
1111.
<b>I</b> 1.
<b>I</b>       .
1_
111_

## Description

I = short pulse

■ = long pulse

. = short pause

\_ = long pause

## 1.2 Lock-out diagnoses

In case of a failure the LED is permanently illuminated. Every 10 seconds the illumination is interrupted by a flash code, which indicates the cause of the error. Therefore the following sequence is performed which is repeated as long as the unit is not reset.

## Sequence:

illuminated phase	dark phase	Flash-Code dark phase
for 10 sec	for 0.6 sec	for 1.2 sec

Error diagnosis

Error message	Flash-Code	Possible fault
lock out safety time	1111	within lock out safety time no flame establishment
stray light		stray light during monitored phase, detector may be faulty
air proving switch in closed position		air proving switch contact welded
air proving switch time-out		air proving switch does not close within specified time
air proving switch opened		air proving switch opens during start or operation
loss of flame	1111	loss of flame during operation

Flash-Code for manual lock out

## 2. Flame detection

The following types of flame detectors are suitable:

- lonisation probe, temperature resistant material, well insulated (material and insulation same as for ignition electrode).
- Infrared-flicker detector type IRD 1020 with mounting flange M 93 or the UV solid state flame sensor UVD 971.

Flame detection using an ionisation probe is only possible in conjunction with mains supplies which provides a neutral earth connection.

Connecting the IRD 1020 or UVD 971 the correct wiring has to be observed.

## 2.1 Stray light monitoring

The stray light check is performed at the end of the prepurge time for thr duration as mentioned in the technical datas.

#### 3. Lock out and reset

The unit can be reset or brought into lock out mode in two different ways:

#### Internal

In the lock out case the unit can be reset by pushing the builtin button meaning a new start-up cycle is performed.

#### External

Instead of using the built-in lock out button the same function can be achieved by using an external button which connects terminal 9 with A (see also circuit and block diagram).

If the pushputton (internal or external) is pressed during normal operation or during the start sequence for more then 3 sec. and afterwards released, the control box will perform a shutdown.



Please note

The unit can only be brought to lockout mode or be reseted if power is applied to the unit.

## 4. Low-voltage protection

The mains voltage has to be more than 187  $\rm V_{\rm eff}$  in order to allow the unit to perform a start-up.

The mains voltage is not only monitored in the start-up phase but also permanently during operation. If the voltage drops below <  $160\,V_{\rm eff}$  during start-up or run time the control box goes into lock out mode. If the voltage rises again, the control box performs automatically a start-up as soon as the mains voltage is >  $187\,V_{\rm eff}$ .

## 5. Safety

The design and control sequence of the DMG 970 controls will comply with the currently applicable standards and regulations (see also TECHNICAL DATA).

## 6. Mounting and electrical wiring

Wiring base:

- 3 earth terminals with additional terminal for burner earthing
- 3 neutral terminals with internal permanent connection to neutral terminal 8
- 2 independant spare terminals (S1 and S2)
- extra terminals A, B and C are standard
- 2 slide-in plates and 2 easy knock out holes (PG11 thread) plus 2 knock out holes in the base bottom faciliate the base wiring

The digital controls are ideally wiried on the new wiring bases S98, which are equipped with (terminals B and C are only for some special types of DMO or DMG) terminal A,. which is used for the remote reset/remote lockout functions.



Please note

To assist trouble-free operation the main neutral connection terminal in the wiring base must be fully tightened. The terminal screws are already in the undone position. To connect a wire to the terminal, the screw only needs to be fastened.

General: The control box and detector probes should not be subjected to excessive vibration.

#### **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND MAINTENANCE**

#### 1. Important notes

- The controls must be installed by qualified personnel only. The relevant national regulations have to be observed.
- On commissioning the wiring has to be carefully checked according the appropriate diagram, Incorrect wiring can damage the unit and endanger the installation.
- The fuse rating has to ensure that the limits specified in TECHNICAL DATA will not be exceeded. If these precautions are not observed, the effect of a short circuit can cause severe damage to the control and installation.
- For safety reasons a minimum of one control shutdown per 24 hours has to be observed.
- Disconnect the mains before the control box is plugged in or out.
- The control box is a safety device and must not be opened!

#### 2. Function control

For safety reasons the flame detection system should be tested on commissioning the installation as well as after a service or longer shut-down.

- a) Start-up with closed gas valve
  - After lock out safety time is over the unit has to go into lock out mode!
- b) Normal start-up, when burner is running, close gas valve
  - After loss of flame, the control box has to go into lockout mode
- c) Normal start-up, during pre-purge or operation, interrupt the air proving switch
  - The control box has to perform a lockout immediatly

## d) Bridged air proving switch before start

the fan motor switches on for approx. 2 - 3 secs, followed by a lockout. After 10 secs., this quick lockout is resetted by the control box and a second start attempt follows (fan motor switches on for approx. 2 - 3 secs.). A standard lockout appears if the air proving switch (LW) contact is still in it's closed position (e.g. welded contacts). Has the air proving switch (LW) changed to it's open position in the meantime (e.g. by a run down motor), a normal start sequence follows.

## 3. Fault finding

The built-in information system facilitates the trouble shooting in the case of problems occurring during start-up or during operation.

A list of possible lock out messages can be found in APPLICATION FEATURES chapter 1.2.



#### Please note:

The control box is locked in lock out mode and the reasen for the lock out is displayed until the control box is reset, either by an internal or external reset (see also subject "3. Lock out and reset").

Removing the control box from its wiring base or by interrupting the supply line may not reset a lock out. Therefore, by applying power, the fan motor switches on for 2-3 secs. before the control box goes to lock out again and the cause of the last lock out.

Error	Possible fault
Burner not working	- Thermostat circuit open
	- Faulty electrical wiring
	- mains voltage < 187 V
Fan motor/nozzle preheater	- Control box has not been reset
starts for a short period of	- Air proving switch not in open
time, control box goes to	position
lock out	
Control box locks out	- Air proving switch has not during
pre-purge	closed within 60 secs.
	- Air proving switch has re-opened
Control box locks out	- Air proving switch open
at the end of pre-purge	- Flame signal
Burner starts,	- Stray light on flame detector
flame not established,	(IRD only)
lock out	- No ignition or no fuel
Burner starts,	- No or too low flame signal (flame
flame established,	does not stick, bad insulation of
after safety time,	the ionisation probe, bad connec-
lock out	tion to frame ground)
	- Insufficient light on IRD
	- Sensitivity adjustment
	too low on IRD

## **CIRCUIT AND TIMING DIAGRAM DMG 970** HS ST GW RT max. 10A fast 6A low 2 3 5 6 В 8 9 Α

V2

SA

tlw tv1 tvz tz ts tv2

V1

HS Mains switch
GW Gas proving switch
ST Limit thermostat
RT Control thermostat

RT Control thermostat
EV External reset and lock out button

IS Ionisation probe

(IRD 1010, UVD 971 see separate

diagram)

Z Ignition
M Burner motor
V1 Solenoid valve

V1 Solenoid valve, 1st-stage V2 Solenoid valve, 2nd-stage LW Air proving switch SA External lock out signal

tlw max. reaction time for air proving switch

tv1 Supervised pre-purge time

tvz Pre-ignition time tz Ignition time total ts Safety time tv2 Delay 2nd-stage

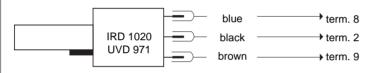
## **IRD- OR UVD CONNECTION**

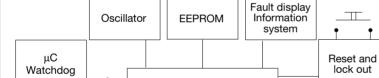
**BLOCK DIAGRAM DMG 970** 

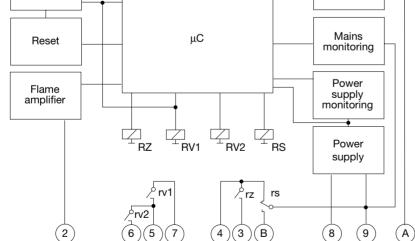
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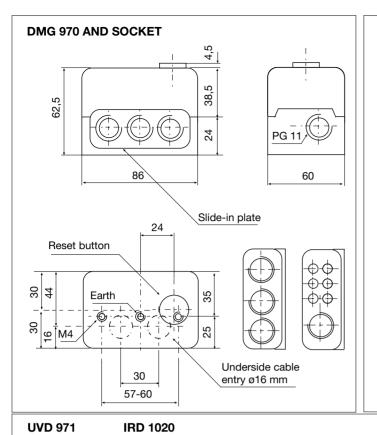
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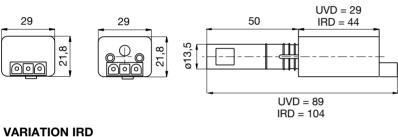


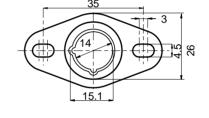


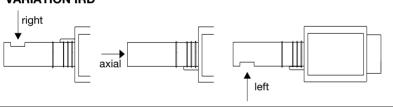


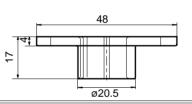


# HOLDER M 93 FOR IRD









## ORDERING INFORMATION

ITEM	DESIGNATION	ITEM NO.
Control box	DMG 970 Mod. 01	0350001
Control box	DMG 970 Mod. 02	0350002
Control box	DMG 970 Mod. 03	0350003
Socket	Wiring base S98	75310
Insert plate	PG-Plate	70502
optional	Cable entry plate	70501
Flame detector	IRD 1020 end-on	16522
Flame detector	IRD 1020 left	16523
Flame detector	IRD 1020 right	16521
optional	UVD 971	16722
Support for IRD	Holder M93 for IRD 1020	59093
Support for UVD	Holder M74 for UVD	59074
Connection cable	Plug type, 3 core cable, 0.6 m with tag wire ends	7236001

The above ordering information refers to the standard version.

Special versions are also included in our product range.

Specifications subject to change without notice





Satronic AG Brüelstrasse 7 Postfach 324 CH-8157 Dielsdorf